April 23, 1777. NUMB. 2513.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling by ROBERT BELL, next door to St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia, (Price Two Thirds of a Dollar, with a curious Frontiſpiece, which coſt above Sixty Dollars.)

THE DEATH of GENERAL MONTGOMERY, in ſtorming the city of Quebec. A TRAGEDY. With an ODE, in honour of the PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA, and the ſmall band of regular Continental Troops, who ſuſtained the Campaign, in the depth of winter, January 1777, and repulſed the Britiſh Forces from the Banks of the Delaware. By the Author of a Dramatic Piece on the Battle of Bunker's Hill. To which are added, ELEGIAC PIECES, commemorative of diſtinguiſhed Characters. By different Gentlemen.

Hic, manus, ob patriam pugnando, vulnera paſſi.
Patriots who periſhed in their Country's Right.
PITT's VIRGIL.

NEW HEMP-SEED, of the beſt Quality, to be ſold by the Buſhel. Enquire of WILLIAM CRISPIN, at Cheſtnut-ſtreet Wharff. *April* 14, 1777. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Tredyffrin townſhip and county of Cheſter, containing 120 acres of LAND, for which there is a good title, and about 15 acres of unimproved land, adjoining the ſame, for which there is a warrant. The land is good and well watered, with about 20 acres of meadow, the moſt of which may be watered, a bearing orchard, a dwelling-houſe, barn, and other office-houſes. The Great-Valley creek runs through the ſaid land, and it is near to ſeveral places of worſhip, to mills and ſmiths ſhops, and is about 22 miles from Philadelphia. For terms, apply to JOHN SIMONTOWN, who lives on the place. ¶

WHEREAS the PARTNERSHIP of STANDLEY and SYNG is now diſſolved, they requeſt the favour of all thoſe, who are indebted to the company, to make immediate payment unto Charles Syng, who is inveſted with the ſole power to collect and ſettle their company books; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid company, are requeſted to bring in their accounts to the above for payment.

CHARLES SYNG has for ſale, at his ſtore, in Market-ſtreet, a few doors above the Black Horſe, Weſt-India rum, a ſmall quantity of Geneva and rye whiſky of excellent quality, green coffee, lamp oil, and a quantity of braziletto, &c. &c. ¶

Will be SOLD by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, on the 6th of May next,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, on Viconiſco creek, in Houffman's valley, Upper Paxton townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 613½ acres unimproved; having a good ſtream of water, 200 acres of good meadow can be made at a ſmall expence, and is advantageouſly ſituated for a griſt or any other mill, being near two market places. At the ſame time will be ſold two BRICK HOUSES, in Grey's alley, ſituated on the eaſt ſide, inſured for four years to come, and ſubject to a groundrent of 40s. a year; a plaiſtered wooden tenement in Third-ſtreet, near Coats's burying-ground, with a cellar and garden, and ſubject to a groundrent of 3l. 15s.---- A large commodious BRICK HOUSE, with two acres of good land, ſituated on the pleaſant banks of Schuylkill, commonly called Vauxhall, 45 feet in front, 34 feet deep, 2 ſtories high, a dormant, 4 rooms on a floor, and a good large cellar under the whole, a brick kitchen 18 by 20, a ſmoke-houſe, large yard encloſed, a pump, hen yard, pigeon houſe, good ſtable for 20 horſes, ſhade, a good young orchard with all kinds of fruit trees, and a piazza ſupported by ſix pillars. Alſo ſix acres, or thereabout, of extraordinary land lying near Schuylkill, with a good houſe and cellar, ſtables, and a good fence. ¶

Middleſex, April 14, 1777.

ON Monday, the 12th day of May next, the Subſcribers, Executors of the laſt will and teſtament of Robert Callender, late of Cumberland county, deceaſed, will attend at the late dwelling-houſe of the decedant, in order to receive ſuch debts as may be due to the eſtate, and to ſettle and adjuſt ſuch accounts as may be due from ſaid eſtate; all perſons, therefore, who are indebted, are requeſted to make payment on that day; and all perſons who have any juſt demands, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be ſettled and paid. At the ſame time and place, the terms of ſale may be known, by any perſon or perſons who may incline to purchaſe at private ſale, the very valuable lands and plantations belonging to the ſaid eſtate, which have heretofore been very particularly deſcribed in the Engliſh and German papers in this ſtate.

FRANCES CALLENDER, Executrix.
WILLIAM NEIL,
WILLIAM IRVINE, } Executors.
MATTHIAS SLOUGH,

¶ 7ſ6.

WAS *STOLEN* out of the houſe of ROBERT MILLER, in Buckingham, in the county of Bucks, Pennſylvania, on the 29th day of March laſt, a certain deed of conveyance for a piece of land near Princeton, in New-Jerſey, containing about 18 acres, conveyed from Joſeph Horner to Robert Miller, dated the 8th of May, 1764, as near as can be remembered, and the witneſſes thereto are, Samuel Hough and Jonathan Baldwin. Alſo a note of hand, given by Charles Carter to the ſaid Robert Miller, for 95 pounds, dated the 22d February, 1777, payable on demand, with a receipt on the back for 27 pounds received, and about 64 pounds in Continental money; alſo, a pale blue cloth coat with mohair buttons, and jacket of the ſame cloth, with ſix metal buttons, and three of mohair at the top, made plain; a Holland ſhirt, and a pair of yellow cotton ſtockings; they were ſtolen, as is ſuppoſed, by a certain *George Miller*, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, ſhort brown hair, ſandy beard, grey eyes, with black eye brows, down look, marked with the ſmall-pox, has a ſcar on his left cheek, and another on his left hand, is ſubject to frequent taverns, and very talkative when in liquor; he wore a brown ſurtout coat with ſome holes cut in it, dove coloured pluſh breeches, a watch in his pocket, worſted ſtockings, calf-ſkin pumps, with copper buckles, beaver hat ſcolloped in the brim; it is thought he deſerted from Capt. Cummin's company at Philadelphia; he has been ſeveral times in goal in Philadelphia, Bedford and Carliſle, and ſold out a ſervant, once to William Denney, in Philadelphia, and another to Martha Miller, in Carliſle, and often goes by different names. Whoever ſecures the ſaid George Miller, ſo that the owner may have his goods, money and writings again, ſhall have Five Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ 7ſ6 ROBERT MILLER.

Philadelphia, April 20, 1777.

WHEREAS a number of Recruits have, at different times, deſerted from the tenth Pennſylvania Regiment, lately commanded by Col. Penroſe. And whereas many, it is thought, would again return to their duty, where they not apprehenſive they would be ſeverely puniſhed for ſuch a heinous crime.

I do, in conſequence of a Proclamation iſſued by his Excellency the commander in chief, offer a free pardon to all thoſe who will return to their duty, and join the Regiment before the 15th day of May next. Thoſe who neglect this notice may expect that every method will be taken to apprehend them, and the ſevereſt puniſhment inflicted on them.

All the Officers of ſaid Regiment, who are now on the Recruiting ſervice, will immediately ſend a return of the number of men they have inliſted. ADAM HUBLEY, jun.

¶ 15s. Lieut. Col. 10th P. R.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 6 o'clock in the evening of Wedneſday, the 14th of May next, if not diſpoſed of before that time at private ſale,

THE PLANTATION of Springford, in Allen's townſhip, Northampton county; it is moſt pleaſantly ſituated on the Banks of the River Lehi, or Weſt Branch of Delaware; being five miles from Bethlehem, and the ſame diſtance from Northampton, or Allen's town; it contains 331 acres (with the uſual allowance) conſiſting of 150 acres cleared, near 20 acres of good meadow, and the reſt wood land; the meadow is watered by a never-failing creek, which runs through the plantation, and affords one of the fineſt ſituations for a mill in the county; there is a moſt elegant two ſtory ſtone houſe on the farm, 40 feet by 33, with a ſtone building adjoining, containing a kitchen and 3 rooms; alſo ſtables, coach-houſe, and other out buildings; the whole in excellent order, having been built within a very few years: There are alſo a farm-houſe, barn, ſtables, &c. in good order, within 500 yards of the dwelling-houſe; now in the poſſeſſion of a tenant, who is to continue by agreement until the firſt day of April next; the owner of the farm to receive from him, during that time, every third buſhel of winter and ſummer grain, half of the hay, one third of the cyder (there are 200 apple-trees on the place) and one third of every thing elſe the farm produces, with many neceſſary and convenient privileges, as particularly expreſſed in a written agreement. The title is indiſputable. For further particulars, apply to

§ 7ſ6. DANIEL or JOHN BENEZET.

THE Supreme Executive Council of this Commonwealth having granted to me a commiſſion for the meaſuring of boards and timber in the city and liberties of Philadelphia, I do hereby inform the public that I ſhall enter immediately upon the duties of that office, and have appointed John Williams, in Lombard-ſtreet, near St. Peter's church, to be my Deputy. Any perſon or perſons who ſhall take upon them to meaſure any boards or timber within the ſaid city and liberties, contrary to the laws in ſuch caſe made and provided, will be proceeded againſt according to the direction of ſaid laws. JEDEDIAH SNOWDEN, at Iſaac Snowden's, in Second-ſtreet, a little below the bridge. †

GRANDAIR

Will be kept for covering, during the preſent ſeaſon, by the ſubſcriber, in Springfield, in Cheſter county, at the low rate of Three Dollars the ſeaſon, Forty Shillings to enſure a foal, or One Dollar and an Half the ſingle leap.

HE is a beautiful blood bay, with a black mane and tail, and black legs, a ſtar in his forehead, and two beautiful feathers on the near ſide of his neck; he is riſing four years old, near 16 hands high, elegantly made, and free from blemiſh; he was got by the True Britain, and came out of a mare whoſe ſire was the Bellſize Arabian, therefore it will not be diſputed that he is of blood equal to any horſe in America; and from his blood, ſize, ſtrength, ſhape, colour, ſuperior carriage, gaiety, and ſwiftneſs of running, is allowed to be the likelieſt horſe to get valuable colts, either for the turf or ſaddle, or the carriage, of any in this part of the country; and for the encouragement of the breed will be allowed to cover at the low rates as above.

¶ GEORGE DAVIS.

TOM JOLLY

WILL COVER this SEASON, at the Stable of the Subſcriber, in Northampton Townſhip, Bucks County, at the Place formerly Draycord's, near Joſeph Thornton's, at the low Rate of Five Dollars the Seaſon, Three Dollars the ſingle Leap, or Nine Dollars to inſure a Foal. He is a fine dark brown, 16½ Hands high, with a large Star and Snip, riſing five Years old. He was got by the noted Engliſh Dray Horſe, imported by Colonel Francis, and came of an imported Dray Mare; he is ſtout and well proportioned, and in all Reſpects well calculated either for the Carriage or Saddle. Attendance will be given, and Paſture for ſuch Mares as are intruſted with HENRY HEGEMAN. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from the ſixth Pennſylvania Regiment, ENOS GRAHAM; he formerly belonged to the ſecond Pennſylvania regiment; had on, when he went away, a brown uniform coat faced with red; a man about 5 feet 5 inches high; he appears to be about 50 years of age. Whoever takes up ſaid deſerter, ſhall have the above reward, and all charges, paid by NICHOLAS GARRET, Capt. 6th Regt. ¶

DESERTED, April 5, 1777, from Capt. John Chriſty's company, of the 5th Pennſylvania regiment, commanded by Col. Francis Johnſton, the following men.----*John Saylor*, a Dutchman, about 21 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has ſandy hair, brown eyes, fair complexion; had on, when deſerted, his regimentals, viz. blue coat with white facings. *Conrad Peelman*, a Dutchman, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, ſandy hair, grey eyes, fair complexion; had on, when deſerted, the above regimentals. *Henry Dowbeman*, a Dutchman, between 19 and 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, dark hair, blue eyes, brown complexion; had on his old regimentals. *John Lecce*, a Dutchman, 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, ſandy hair, grey eyes, fair complexion; had on his old regimentals. Whoever takes up the above deſerters and ſecures them, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall have Eight Dollars reward for each, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

ALEXANDER M'CLINTOCK, Lieut. 5th P. R.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 12th day of May next, in Germantown,

THAT noted TAVERN, known by the name of the Sign of the White Swan, where Herman Stumpff, deceaſed formerly lived, containing about 7 or 8 acres, whereof 6 acres are very good meadow ground; the reſt is apple orchard, about 150 good apple trees, with barn and ſtables, and other out-houſes thereunto belonging. At the ſame time and place will be ſold all the houſe and kitchen furniture, ſuch as beds, tables, chairs, &c. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale, when due attendance will be given by CATHERINE STUMPFF. ¶

Coventry townſhip, Cheſter county, April 16, 1777.

THIRTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN *away from his wife and family of ſmall children, in the night of the 9th inſt.* JOHN ORNDUFF, *a country-born Dutchman, talks good Engliſh, wore his uniform brown coat, faced with blue, a knot on his ſhoulder, white jacket and breeches, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, freſh complexion, light brown curled hair, took a girl with him named* HANNAH MUCKLEWEE; *it is thought they will try to paſs for man and wife; they were ſeen in Lancaſter the day after they ran off, on their way over Suſquehanna; they took a half ſilk gown from his wife, and a new chintz ditto, a lawn apron and handkerchief, a white ſilk bonnet; he rode a young black mare, and the girl a grey mare, with a new bunting ſaddle with ſilver gilt round the edge. Whoever takes up and confines them in any goal, ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, and if the man only, Twenty-ſeven Pounds, and charges, paid by* BARBARA ORNDUFF. ‖

STRAYED *away or ſtolen on the 11th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Hartford townſhip, Cheſter county, a brindle and white pied milch COW, about 8 years old, is very remarkable by having but one little claw on each fore foot. Whoever takes up ſaid cow, and brings her, or gives notice of her, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have THREE DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* CHRISTIAN PETERMAN, *living on the road leading from Philadelphia to Newtown ſquare.* †

PHILADELPHIA.

IN CONGRESS, April 14, 1777.

RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the executive powers of each of the United States, to enquire into the conduct of all officers on the recruiting ſervice, within them reſpectively, to remove all ſuch as belong to the battalions of their reſpective quotas, who have neglected their duty, or abuſed the truſt repoſed in them, and ſhall be found within their reſpective juriſdiction, and to fill up all vacancies which may happen by ſuch removals; to tranſmit to Congreſs all ſuch teſtimony as ſhall be taken againſt any officer or officers who may have marched or removed from the State to whoſe battalions he or they belong, and againſt any officer or officers belonging to the quota of another State, who may have been guilty of neglect or miſbehaviour in the State where the enquiry ſhall be made.

That it be recommended to the ſaid executive powers to procure exact returns of the Continental troops in each, and tranſmit the ſame to Congreſs without delay. And all officers and ſoldiers of the Continental army are hereby required to pay the ſtricteſt regard to the orders of the executive powers of the ſeveral States, touching the aforeſaid premiſes.

Reſolved, That it be recommended to the legiſlatures of each of the United States to enact laws, exempting from actual ſervice any two of the militia who ſhall, within the time limited by ſuch laws, furniſh one able bodied recruit, to ſerve in any battalion of the Continental army for the term of three years, or during the preſent war.—Such exemption to continue during the term for which the recruit ſhall inliſt, and every ſuch recruit to be entitled to the Continental bounty and other allowances.

That it be recommended to the legiſlatures aforeſaid reſpectively, to enact laws compelling all ſuch perſons as are by laws exempted from bearing arms or performing militia duties, other than ſuch as are ſpecified in the foregoing reſolve, to furniſh ſuch a number of able bodied ſoldiers as the ſaid legiſlatures reſpectively ſhall deem a proper equivalent for ſuch exemptions, ſuch ſoldiers to be entitled to the Continental bounty and other allowances, over and above ſuch gratuities as they may receive from thoſe who procure them to inliſt.

Alſo to permit the inliſting of ſervants and apprentices; and to prohibit the impriſoning or otherwiſe reſtraining the perſons of ſoldiers in the Continental ſervice for any debt not exceeding Fifty Dollars.

And whereas it is of the greateſt moment to the cauſe of American freedom, that an army of conſiderable ſtrength take the field early the enſuing campaign,

Reſolved, That if the ſeveral quotas of the States cannot be furniſhed by any of the means recommended in the foregoing reſolutions, or any other means by the ſaid legiſlatures deviſed, before the 15th day of May next, it is recommended to each State to cauſe indiſcriminate draughts to be made from their reſpective militia.

That it be recommended to the ſaid legiſlatures to apply all the means by theſe reſolutions recommended in the manner which they ſhall judge moſt effectual for ſpeedily compleating the army, and in caſe they ſhall prove unſucceſsful, that they cauſe the draughts aforeſaid to be made.

Reſolved, That the executive power of each State be authoriſed and impowered to order ſuch officers as they ſhall judge proper from the reſpective battalions and companies of their reſpective quotas to remain within the State, for the purpoſe of aiding in inliſting and collecting the recruits which may be furniſhed under the above regulations, and to convey the ſame to the battalions and companies to which they ſhall belong, ſuch officers to be under the direction of ſuch executive powers reſpectively.

By Order of Congreſs,
JOHN HANCOCK, *Preſident.*

HAGUE, January 8.

LETTERS from Rome inform us, that a conſpiracy has been diſcovered againſt the Pope, and that ſeveral pieces of cannon in the caſtle of Angelo had been found charged, pointing to a ſtreet which the Pope generally goes through to his palace of the Vatican.

LONDON.

Dec. 25. The following is a liſt of ſome of the fleet which Gen. Carleton means to begin his operations with in the ſpring: The Inflexible, of 20 guns; the Maria, of 16 guns; the Carleton of 15 guns; the Radeau, mounting 8 long twelves, 4 howitzers, and 6 twenty-four pounders; the Royal Convert, a gondola; the Waſhington, a prize, mounting 8 guns, one 18 and one 12 pounder in her bow; the Lee cutter of 8 guns; the Jerſey, a prize, mounting 4 guns; beſides a number of gun boats, &c

Dec. 31. Governor Tryon committed a great blunder in dreſſing his companies in blue, which is the uniform of the ſouthern rebels. At the battle of Flatbuſh the 71ſt regiment, taking them for the enemy, fired on them, and did much miſchief.

The light-infantry under General Leſlie, and the 42d and the 71ſt Highlanders, who are uſed as light-infantry, have, as the cuſtom of war is, the heavieſt part of the duty. The 71ſt are moſtly broke to pieces, one half of them were taken on their paſſage out to America, and half of the remainder have fallen in the field. They are new raiſed men, and very indifferently diſciplined, but fight with very great intrepidity.

Jan. 6. Lord and General Howe, in their letters ſince the Gazette, have given government to underſtand, that it is in vain to conteſt with the Americans—their enthuſiaſm is ſuch, that if they are ſubdued for the moment in one corner, they will break out in another—It is mere Cadmean work.

Miniſtry hang their heads on this news; for, by all their returns, the ſpirit of independance is now higher than it has yet been.

There is no more probability of the campaign in America being over than at firſt; and to raiſe ſupplies for another year will effectually undo this deluded, infatuated country.

Jan. 13. It is much queſtioned by men of intelligence, whether the rupture with America was not embraced by the Miniſters, as a fortunate opportunity of abridging the liberties of this nation.

There are papers in exiſtence, which demonſtrate that the plan now purſuing againſt America, was framed ſo early as the year 1750. A model of government was drawn up, a part of which conſiſted in deſtroying the popular governments in the colonies. The inſurrections at Boſton afforded adminiſtration an opportunity of correcting the miſchiefs occaſioned by thoſe governments.

King William was not ſo careful of his papers as he ſhould have been, or they never would have fallen into the hands of Sir John Dalrymple. Certain perſons, deep in the ſecrets of Leiceſter-houſe, have been rather incautious; their papers, at a convenient ſeaſon, will throw light on ſome tranſactions of the preſent day.

The laſt time the Duke Fitz James was in England, he was ir[illegible]d with ſome confidential interviews. It is to be ho[illegible]hat there were no ſums remitted to ſupply the want[illegible] an unfortunate traveller. This will be underſtood[illegible]o many.

It is reported with confidence, at the weſt end of the town, that [illegible] French army, conſiſting of upwards of ſeventy thou[illegible]nd men, will croſs the Rhine early in the month of April, while two other armies, of forty thouſand each, [illegible]re to aſſemble on the confines of France, bordering up[illegible]on the dominions of the Kings of Spain and Sardinia. Th[illegible]ſe great preparations are making, it is ſaid, in conſequen[illegible]e of a grand alliance agreed on between the courts of Vie[illegible]na, Verſailles, Madrid, Naples and Turin.

The ſucceſ[illegible]s of General Howe having occaſioned many encomiu[illegible]s to be beſtowed on him in preſence of a Secretary of [illegible]ate more eminent in the cabinet than in the field, a fa[illegible]rite, obſerving that his Lordſhip rather ſickened at mil[illegible]y praiſe, paid him this well timed compliment, "One [illegible]or is worth ten Alexanders."

Jan. 23. Yeſt[illegible]day morning, at four o'clock, LORD STORMONT arrived at his houſe in St. James's place, from whence we may naturally conclude that the Houſe of Bourbon have at length thrown away the maſk of fidelity.—Morn. Poſt.

A private letter this day from Briſtol ſays, that laſt Monday night another attempt was made to burn that city; that a fire broke out near Weſt's ſugar-houſe, and another in a hay loft; that a candle was found lighted at both ends amongſt ſome ſhavings, and ſome combuſtible matters lay near both places.

Jan. 27. The Alice, Hogget, from Dominica for Liverpool, is re-taken by the Galatea man of war, and arrived at New-York.

Some miniſters of the eſtabliſhed church of Scotland are ſaid to be ſuch ſtaunch friends to America, that ſince the declaration of war againſt the Americans, they have neglected to pray for his Majeſty. One of them at Edinburgh having neglected it, the Clerk, or, as he is there called, the Precentor, being more loyal than the Paſtor, entertained the audience as follows: After ſermon he took out of his pocket a paper which he read, "The prayers of this congregation are deſired for Janet Brown, an aged pauper, under great diſtreſs both of body and mind, and for King George;" which ſent the congregation home in a laugh.

Laſt Saturday's Gazette contains an advertiſement, offering a reward of One Thouſand Pounds to or amongſt ſuch perſon or perſons as ſhall, in three months, diſcover any of the offenders guilty of ſetting fire to Portſmouth rope-houſe on the 7th of December laſt.

BOSTON, April 10,

Laſt Friday one of the Row Gallies, at Rhode-Iſland, accidentally blew up, whereby eight men were loſt.

Laſt Week arrived at a ſafe port, from Martinico, the Privateer Sloop of War Rover, belonging to SALEM, after a paſſage of 31 days; the Captain of which informs,—That a Privateer, fitted out of that port by the French, carrying 6 guns and 25 men, had captured and ſent into that place a large Guineaman, with 300 ſlaves on board, a quantity of Elephant's teeth, and Gold duſt.—That the American cruizers ſent prizes into that port daily.—That a Privateer Brig, fitted out at Providence, but belonging to Connecticut, had arrived there, and brought in a Snow from Guinea, having on board 297 Slaves, a Brig laden with fiſh, and a Sloop laden with ſtaves, which were all condemned at that port.

Yeſterday arrived at a ſafe port, a Privateer Schooner, commanded by Capt. Cunningham, in a ſhort paſſage from the French Weſt-Indies, were ſhe has lately ſent in ſeveral prizes. We learn that the French ports are crouded with cruizers and merchantmen, belonging to theſe States, and that all kinds of goods are ſold at moderate prices.

By a gentleman arrived in town from Jebogt, in Nova-Scotia, 50 leagues from Halifax, we learn, that the Continental Sloop of War, the Cabot, JOSEPH OLNEY, Eſq; Commander, who ſailed from Salem ſome time ſince on a cruize, was met by the Milford pirate frigate, from Halifax, bound to Boſton-bay, one Barclay Commander, of 28 guns, near Cape-Sable, who gave her chaſe, and ſhe was reduced to the alternative of either being taken or run aſhore: Captain OLNEY choſe the latter, and very prudently ran her aſhore, on a Ledge of Rocks, off Jeboge: The officers and men got ſafe on ſhore, with their ſmall arms and ammunition, before the Milford came within ſhot: The Milford manned all her boats, and ſent them on board the Cabot, and ſecured all her guns, &c. and then left her, ſuppoſing ſhe would go to pieces. The Milford ſailed next day, ſuppoſed for Halifax.

Laſt Friday came to this town a large drove (conſiſting of ſeveral hundred ſheep) being part of the ſtock that was brought off Tarpolin-Cove Iſland—We hear the ſtock was removed off the other Elizabeth Iſlands ſome time before, to prevent their falling into the hands of the enemy.—It is hoped that all who have ſtock expoſed will follow the ſame example.

Extract of a letter from Albany, dated March 29, 1777.

"About a week ago the famous M'Cay (who broke out of Hartford Goal laſt September and made his eſcape) with a party of Indians, attacked thirty odd unarmed recruits with two officers, at Sabbath-day-point, a little before day, as they were aſleep round a fire; they were on their way from Ticonderoga to Fort George to join their corps. They tomhawked four of the men on the ſpot, and fired a ball through the upper part of the breaſt of Captain Heny, of which he is getting better—Captain Whetcomb with 40 men were diſpatched as ſoon as the account reached Ticonderoga, with a deſign to fall in with the enemy on their way to Canada, and I am juſt now informed he ſucceeded in his plan, and has killed ſeveral of the Indians and wounded ſeveral more. I hope it may be true. Only two of the party, beſide the wounded officer, got clear of the Savages, the remainder that were not killed were taken priſoners."

Extract of a letter from Newark, in New-Jerſey, dated March 12, 1777.

"The ravages committed by the Britiſh tyrant's troops in theſe parts of the country are beyond deſcription. Their foot ſteps are marked with deſolation and ruin of every kind. The murders, raviſhments, robbery and inſults they were guilty of are dreadful: When I returned to the town, it looked more like a ſcene of ruin, than a pleaſant, well cultivated village. One Thomas Hayes, as peaceable and inoffenſive a man as in this State, was unprovokedly murdered by one of their negroes, who run him through the body with his ſword: He alſo cut and ſlaſhed his aged uncle in the ſame houſe, in ſuch a manner, that he is not yet recovered of his wounds.—Three women, of this town, were baſely raviſhed by them, and one of them was a woman of near ſeventy years of age. Various others were aſſaulted by them, who happily eſcaped their lewd purpoſes.—Yea, not only the common ſoldiers, but officers went about the town by night in gangs, and forceably entered into houſes, enquiring openly for women. As to plundering, Whig and Tory were treated with a pretty equal hand, and thoſe only eſcaped. who were happy enough to procure a ſentinel to be placed as a guard at their door. There was one Captain Nutman, who had always been a remarkable Tory, and who met the Britiſh troops in the Broad-ſtreet, with huzzas of joy; he had his houſe robbed of almoſt every thing, his very ſhoes were taken off his feet, and they threatened hard to hang him.—It was diligently circulated by the tories, before the enemy came, that all thoſe who tarried in their houſes would not be plundered, which induced ſome to ſtay, who otherwiſe would probably have ſaved many of their effects by removing them. But nothing was a greater falſhood than this, as the event proved: For none were more robbed than thoſe that tarried at home with their families. Juſtice John Ogden, whom you know, had his houſe robbed of every thing they could carry away. They ripped open his beds, ſcattered the feathers in the air, and took the ticks with them; broke his deſks to pieces, and tore and deſtroyed a great number of important papers, deeds, wills, &c. belonging to himſelf and others: And the more he intreated them to deſiſt from ſuch unprofitable and pernicious waſte, the more outrageous they were. They hauled a ſick ſon of his out of the bed, whoſe life had been deſpaired of ſome time before, and groſly abuſed him, threatening him with death in a variety of forms. The next neighbour to Mr. Ogden was one Benjamin Coe, a very aged man, who, with his wife, was at home; they plunder'd and deſtroy'd every thing in their houſe, and inſulted them with ſuch rage, that the old people fled for fear of their lives, and then, to ſhow the fullneſs of their diabolical fury, they burnt their houſe to aſhes. Tophar Beach, Joſiah Beach, Samuel Penington, and others, who had large families, and were all at home, they robbed in ſo egregious a manner, that they were ſcarcely left a rag of cloathing, ſave what was on their backs. The miſchief committed in the houſes forſaken of their inhabitants, the deſtruction of fences, barns, ſtables, the breaking of cheſts of drawers, deſks, tables and other furniture, the burning and carrying away of carpenters and ſhoemakers tools, cannot be deſcribed. With reſpect to thoſe who took protections and their oath, ſome of theſe were robbed and plundered afterwards, but the moſt general way in which they obtained the effects of ſuch people was by bargaining with them for their hay, cattle or corn, promiſing them pay, but none with us ever received any thing worth mentioning. I might have obſerved, that it was not only the common ſoldiers that plundered and ſtole, but alſo their officers, and not merely low officers and ſubalterns, but thoſe of high rank were abettors, and reaped the profits of this gallows-deſerving buſineſs; no leſs a perſon than General Erſkine, knight, had his room furniſhed from a neighbouring houſe with mahogany chairs and tables, a conſiderable part of which was taken away with his baggage when he went to Elizabeth-town; Colonel Mac-Donald had his houſe furniſhed in the ſame felonious manner, and the furniture was carried off, as though it had been part of his baggage. But there is no end of their inhuman conduct. They have not only proved themſelves cruel enemies, but perſons deſtitute of all honour; and there is no hope of relief, but by expelling theſe murderers, robbers and thieves from our country."

FISH-KILL, April 17.

Extract of a letter from Still-Water, March 24.

"Wedneſday laſt, at Sabbath-Day-Point, on Lake George, Capt. Baldwin, and ſundry of his men, with Mr. Cobbin, Thomas Mann, &c. were taken priſoners by a party of Indians, Tories and Canadians, to the number of 23, and carried we know not where; John Lott, of this place, and three ſtrangers, were killed and ſcalped. I expect trouble here this Summer, for the Indians up the Mohawk river grow very ſaucy."

WILLIAMSBURG, April 4.

The Britiſh frigate Emerald, of 32 guns, a few days ago came into the bay, from a cruiſe, having taken ſundry trading veſſels belonging to theſe States, moſt of which the enemy burnt. Seventy-two American priſoners were landed on the eaſtern ſhore laſt week, in order to be exchanged.

April 11. The men of war below, ſince our laſt, have ſet aſhore 27 more priſoners.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 23.

Extract of a letter from an officer at camp, near Bonham town, dated April 15, 1777.

"A detachment under the command of Captain Alexander Patterſon, of the Pennſylvania Twelfth Regiment, commanded by Col. Cook, attacked the picquet guard of the enemy at two o'clock this morning, about four hundred yards from Bonham town, and, after a ſhort but obſtinate engagement, the whole of the guard, twenty-five in number, was killed and taken priſoners. Lieut. Frazier, of the Seventy-firſt regiment, was killed on the ſpot. The enemy, though advantageouſly poſted, did not attempt to ſupport their guard, but retired with precipitation to their works. Our officers and ſoldiers behaved with the greateſt coolneſs and courage on this occaſion; their conduct would do honour to the beſt diſciplined troops. We had Lieutenants M'Alhatton and Reily, of Col. Cook's regiment, wounded, but not mortally."

Extract of a letter from St. Euſtatius, dated March 30.

"There is nothing talked of in Antigua but privateering, as they call it, but in my opinion it ought to be called pirating. The Admiral, conſidering it in that light, has taken ſome of their veſſels from them, and ſecured the pirates themſelves, whoſe fate is now depending in Antigua.—Since the above, the Admiral has been arreſted, and vengeance denounced againſt him at St. John's for ſpoiling their ſport, they having ſent out a number of little boats to pick up your defenceleſs proviſion-veſſels, which would have been valuable prizes to them; but the Admiral and the court having obliged the owners to give ſecurity to refund the *goods*, in caſe the King of England diſapproves of the proceedings, has ſtruck ſuch a damp on the pirates, for want of the prize-money in hand, that they are very ſick of the lay. The Admiral, on being arreſted, gave ſecurity, and immediately diſpatched a ſhip to London; ſince which, the ſhips that came from America to refit have preſſed all the hands belonging to the merchantmen at Antigua and St. Kitts, and kept all the pirates on board, by which means the Pearl, &c. return to your coaſt well manned, but the Londoners will go home with few hands. The people of Grenada, Dominica, Montſerratt, Nevis, St. Chriſtophers, Anguilla and Tortola, have followed the deteſtable example of the Antiguamen, but I have heard little of their ſucceſs, thoſe belonging to Anguilla and Tortola excepted, who have of late done much miſchief.

"The Governor of Anguilla's little paſſage-boat, Bermudian built, lies ready, and a number of whites, mulattoes and negroes go on board, with each a muſket, whenever they ſee a veſſel off that will anſwer their purpoſe;—this veſſel ſails faſt, and not more than two or three men are ſeen on the deck at a time, until they are along ſide, when they immediately board. In this manner they took a ſloop belonging to your port, and another belonging to North Carolina, three days ago, on one cruize. The Tortolians have many boats out, and have been very ſucceſsful, 19 veſſels having been ſent in there, ſome of which are valuable; two were from South Carolina, with guns on board, and yet were taken by a boat with 10 men; either of them might have retaken the prizes and pirates. On the whole, whatever may be the conſequence of this very extraordinary conduct of the *Iſlanders* in general, I may with great truth charge it all to the owners of the Repriſals, viz. Meſſrs. Joſeph and Samuel Brown, Adderſon and Willock, Montgomery and Campbell, Brown, Scott, Dover and Bell, Bertie Entwhiſtle, and two other houſes."

Another letter from the ſame place, dated April 5, mentions two ſhips from Cork being ſent in there by the ſchooner Rattleſnake, Captain M'Cullough, in company with Capt. Ord and others; alſo, that the above privateers had ſent ſix or ſeven ſail, belonging to the ſame fleet, and ſome ſhips from Africa, with ſlaves, into Martinico.

A letter from Barbados, dated the 13th of February, mentions Captain Helm, in a ſhip, laden with dry goods, from London for that place, being taken by an American privateer, in ſight of the iſland.

The Honourable the Congreſs have been pleaſed to appoint Dr. William Shippen, jun. Director General of all the Military Hoſpitals, erected and to be erected for the armies of the United States. Dr. Walter Jones, Phyſician General of the Hoſpital in the middle department. Dr. Benjamin Ruſh, Surgeon General of Ditto. Dr. John Cochran, Phyſician and Surgeon General of the army in Ditto. Dr. Iſaac Forreſt, Deputy Director General of the Hoſpitals in the eaſtern department. Dr. Ammi Ruhamah Cutter, Phyſician General of ditto. Dr. Philip Turner, Surgeon General of ditto. Dr. William Burnet, Phyſician and Surgeon General of the army in ditto. Dr. Jonathan Potts, Deputy Director General of the Hoſpitals in the northern department. Dr. Malachi Treat, Phyſician General of ditto. Dr. ——— Forgue, Surgeon General of ditto. Dr. John Bartlett, Phyſician and Surgeon General of the army in ditto.

The Honourable the Congreſs have been pleaſed to appoint Joſeph Ward, Eſq; Commiſſary General of Muſters in the Army of the United States. And

Richard Varick, William Bradford, jun. William Yates, and George Noarth, Eſquires, Deputy Muſter-Maſters General.

The Supreme Executive Council has appointed John Armſtrong, John Cadwallader, James Potter and Samuel Meredith, Eſquires, Brigadier Generals of the Militia of this State.

The South-Carolina Gazette, of March 13, mentions the arrival of a prize brigantine, laden with ſalt proviſions, taken on her paſſage from Ireland to the Weſt-Indies.

Departed this life, on Saturday, the 19th inſtant, Mr. GEORGE BARTRAM, merchant of this city; he was a kind huſband, a tender parent, an engaging friend; every one that had the happineſs of knowing his virtues muſt drop a ſilent tear to his memory; he mixed in the cares of life chearfully till his Redeemer called him from this tranſitory world, then did he joyfully reſign his breath to enter in eternal bliſs; he has left an amiable widow and ſon to deplore their loſs of him.

IN CONGRESS, *April* 22, 1777.

Reſolved, That the director and deputy directors general ſhall conſtantly publiſh in the news papers the names of the places in which their military hoſpitals are reſpectively kept; and the ſeveral commanding officers of parties, detachments or corps, on their march to or from the camp, ſhall ſend to the ſaid hoſpitals ſuch of their officers and ſoldiers, as from time to time are unable to proceed, together with certificates to the director

or deputy director general, mentioning the names of the ſaid officers and ſoldiers, and particular regiments to which they belong, unleſs, from the diſtance of the hoſpitals or other cauſes, it ſhall at any time be neceſſary to deliver them to the care of private phyſicians or ſurgeons; in which caſes ſuch phyſicians and ſurgeons, and alſo the reſpective commanding officers, are forthwith to report their names and regiments to the director or deputy directors general as aforeſaid, who ſhall give the neceſſary orders for removing them to the hoſpitals as ſoon as may be, and diſcharge the reaſonable demands of the phyſicians and ſurgeons conducting agreeable to this reſolve.

That the director, deputy directors general, and aſſiſtant deputy directors, have power to order to their reſpective hoſpitals the ſick and wounded of the army, wherever found in their own or other departments, provided ſuch other departments are not ſupplied with any of the officers aforeſaid.

Extract from the Minutes,
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

[*The Printers of news-papers in the United States are requeſted to publiſh the above in their ſeveral papers.*]

PENNSYLVANIA WAR-OFFICE, *Philadelphia, April* 17, 1777.

RESOLVED, That a Committee of Fifty be appointed to have the direction and ſuperintendance of the removal of all Proviſions and other Stores, now in this city, or near the river Delaware in this State, below the falls of Trenton, that will be uſeful to our enemies, ſhould they get poſſeſſion of them, or that may be neceſſary to the Army of the United States.

2. That the inhabitants of this City and Liberties be allowed to retain as much proviſions of all kinds as is uſual and cuſtomary for families to be poſſeſſed of at this ſeaſon, it being the intention of this board to remove the extraordinary ſtores only, of thoſe who have been returned, as having greater quantities than is uſually laid up in families of ſimilar circumſtances in common times.

3. That all proviſions, the property of private perſons, ſo returned to this board, over and above what is cuſtomary as aforeſaid, be removed into the country, to ſuch place or places as this board may direct.

4. That the ſaid Committee be empowered to appoint one or more Commiſſary or Commiſſaries, to take charge of ſuch proviſions or ſtores as the ſaid Committee are impowered to remove, who are to be paid a reaſonable allowance for their ſervices.

5. That the ſaid Committee of fifty be fully authoriſed and impowered to take all the ſaid proviſions, over and above the cuſtomary quantities at this ſeaſon, and deliver it into the hands of their Commiſſaries, for which the ſaid Commiſſaries are to give receipts, ſpecifying the kinds and quantity, to the reſpective owners, and for which the ſaid Commiſſaries ſhall be accountable.

6. That the ſaid Committee of fifty be authoriſed to take poſſeſſion of all tanned and dreſſed leather, bar-iron, &c. &c. the commiſſaries giving receipts to the owners for the ſame as aforeſaid, which they ſhall have removed to ſuch place or places as aforeſaid.

7. That the ſaid Committee may on application, if they think proper, deliver any quantity of the ſaid proviſions, &c. to the reſpective owners, they giving receipts for the ſame, provided it be not intended to expoſe them to the enemy, or will eventually put them in their power.

8. That if the Committee of fifty have juſt reaſons to ſuſpect that any proviſions or ſtores as aforeſaid ſhall be concealed, they are hereby authoriſed and impowered to take every neceſſary means for diſcovering and taking poſſeſſion of the ſame.

9. That the neceſſary waggons be ſupplied by the Quarter Maſter General, to whom the Committee are directed to apply.

10. That the Commanding Officer be applied to for a party of men, when neceſſary, to aſſiſt the ſaid Committee or ſuch diſcreet perſon or perſons as they may appoint to ſearch the houſes and ſtores of ſuch of the inhabitants as have or may refuſe to ſubmit to the Reſolves of the Honourable Congreſs, and this Board, in not making report of their ſtock of proviſions when called upon, or have made or may make a falſe report thereof: And that the ſaid Committee be requeſted immediately to order diligent ſearch to be made accordingly.

11. That Meſſieurs William Tharp, Alexander Fullerton, John Galloway, John M'Calla, Robert Knox, George Goodwin, William M'Mullin, William Drewry, Thomas Irwin, Charles Maſſey, Joſeph Graſeberry, Ephraim Bonham, Charles W. Peale, Lawrence Birnie, John Young, Jacob Schreiner, Andrew Guyer, Jacob Godſhalk, Iſaac Rouſh, Samuel Graff, William Heyſham, Moſes Bartram, Robert Smith, Samuel Simpſon, John Pollard, William Oliphant, Jacob Bright, Samuel Taylor, John Hall, Benjamin Armitage, Samuel M'Clane, Richard Sewell, George Claypoole, Edward Evans, John Snowden, Nathaniel Donnell, John M'Culloch, James Montgomery, John Donaldſon, Thomas Leech, Charles Riſk, Thomas Bradford, John Eyres, James Loughead, Joſeph Copperthwaite, John Williams, John Barnhill, John Liſle, Lambert Wilmer, and Adam Foulke, be the ſaid Committee, who are to divide themſelves for particular diſtricts, or to act altogether in conjunction, as they may think proper.

12. That if any perſon or perſons think themſelves aggrieved by the ſaid Committee in the premiſes, ſhall have a right of an appeal to this Board in writing.

By ORDER of the BOARD,
OWEN BIDDLE, Chairman.

PENNSYLVANIA WAR-OFFICE.
Philadelphia, April 19, 1777.

Whereas this Board have thought it neceſſary to give Orders for the removal of ſuch proviſions and other ſtores out of this city, as may not be immediately neceſſary for the ſubſiſtence of the inhabitants; and this Board being informed that quantities of flour are daily brought into this City for ſale, which greatly defeats the purpoſes of the above meaſure.

Reſolved, That no flour in barrels ſhall be ſuffered to be brought into this City until further orders from this Board, and ſhould any be brought in, the owners thereof ſhall be immediately required and directed to carry it out again at their own expence, unleſs it fully appears to the Committee of Fifty, that they knew nothing of the orders of this Board for the removal of ſtores and proviſions.

By ORDER of the BOARD,
OWEN BIDDLE, Chairman.

CONTINENTAL NAVY-BOARD,
Philadelphia, April 21, 1777.

ALL SURGEONS and WARRANT OFFICERS in or near this city, belonging to the NAVY of the United States, and not in actual ſervice, are hereby directed to give perſonal attendance at the Continental Navy-Board, every Monday and Thurſday, between the hours of ten and one in the forenoon, to receive the orders of the ſaid Board.

JOHN NIXON,
FRANCIS HOPKINSON,
JOHN WHARTON.

To the PRINTERS *of the* PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE long had an inclination of ſuggeſting a few things to you, for the benefit of your fair readers, but many reaſons diſcouraged me from the attempt; however I have ſince learned a little modeſt aſſurance, and am not aſhamed to poſt my name in a news-paper. When hoſtilities commenced between America and Great Britain I became a ſtrong partizan, not becauſe I cared a fig for Congreſs or King; for the natural levity of my temper prevented me from inveſtigating the merits of Whig or Tory, though I have the vanity to think myſelf capable of the taſk: But as it was faſhionable to be of ſome ſide, and ladies being always fond of military trappings, no matter who wears them, that I was abſolutely charmed, captivated and enſlaved by the ſpruce, dapper ſhort-coat, the jantee cockade, the jemmy cock'd hat; but above all, the gay epaulet, dangling careleſsly from the ſhoulder, quite raviſhed me. I ſay, Meſſrs. Printers, theſe powerful conſiderations ſo intoxicated my brain, that I commenced a *furious Whig*. Little did I think theſe civil diſputes would have been ſo ſerious, or of ſuch duration, and for the ſame reaſons I would now wish to be a Tory, though I think ſuch a ſtep very inconſiſtent. Beſides, I could not endure the ſcoffs and reproaches of my acquaintances who have taken the other ſide of the queſtion; ſo through pure obſtinacy and ſpite I ſtill continue to be a Whig. My greateſt embarraſſment at preſent is, how to change ſides with a becoming decency, for I always admired the Engliſh officers. O! they were the deareſt creatures! the ſweeteſt fellows in the world! their dreſs was ſo *degagee*, their deportment ſo eaſy, there was a grace in every thing they did, the moſt trifling action had a charm, they danced, courted, flattered and ſung to a degree of enchantment; nay, they even *ſwore* with ſuch politeneſs, it was heaven to hear them!

Now, Meſſrs. Printers, pleaſe to mark the contraſt, and then (as great Whigs as you are ſaid to be) condemn me if you can, for wiſhing to alter my profeſſions. The officers in Continental ſervice are moſtly fellows whom I have known theſe many years, and whoſe families I am well acquainted with; your common citizens, who are more expert at their filthy merchandize, than at playing a game of picquet, or dancing a cotillon; and what more diſqualifies them for the company of a fine lady, they have not the addreſs to carry on an intrigue. On the other hand, a Britiſh officer will not be put off with ſimple negatives; he attacks ſword in hand, and if he cannot carry by *ſtorm* the garriſon of a fond woman's perſon, he *ſapps* it with lies, and *blows it up* with flattery. Believe me, Meſſrs. Printers, my acquaintance among the tory ladies is univerſal, from paint, perfume and patch, down to brandy and pepper-pot, and I find one inſtinct governs the whole—that is, avarice. From which, like the Hydra of old, germinates a number of ſmaller heads, ſuch as envy, lying, tatling, covetouſneſs, luſt, deceit, ſcandal, &c. &c. &c. and ſorry am I to find ſuch obſcene diſcourſes and depraved ideas prevail ſo generally among the female tories. Among the men, I find the words *Tory* and *Cozzard* equivocal;—but we ought not to condemn conſtitutional timidity, for weak nerves and weak intellects can never be criminal. The motives that biaſs my own ſex are altogether adventitious, and therefore imputable;—a female tory, and a laſcivious fair one, being tantamount, and terms reciprocal. From this general inference I except a number of fair-ones, who, from natural affection, friendſhip, or ſome other laudable tie, are induced to recede from the approved opinion; but even in this caſe, invectives never become the lips of the fair; they only tend to diſcover a black heart, rankled with malice, and a thirſt of blood: They only ſerve to injure the reputation, without benefiting the cauſe, and contraſt a bad diſpoſition with a beautiful face. In fine, it is not the province of women to enter into political warfare, it is more becoming to mind our knitting and darning, and let the men fight our battles for us; for whatever fate attends them, we of conſequence will be ſharers. We muſt either be the wives, ſiſters and daughters of proſcribed rebels and abject ſlaves, or of independent freemen;—which alternative is the moſt eligible, let a blind man determine.

My uncle, who is a violent partizan of the Britiſh Miniſtry (becauſe he was once in the cuſtoms) has often been at great pains to convince me that our fellow-citizens were in a ſtate of rebellion; but the very arguments he made uſe of, notwithſtanding he borrowed them from Rivington's pamphlets, only ſerved to convince me that my countrymen were in the right; and though for the ſake of gay company I wiſh to be conſidered as a partizan of *George Rex*, yet my heart deprecates the principle, and my prayers involuntarily lean towards *George Waſhington*. In my own mind, I am fully convinced that no ſyſtem of reaſon can ſupport the preſent ſanguinary meaſures of our late King; nor can I perceive, from any connections I have had with his [the King's] friends, that any of them are in the leaſt acquainted with the merits of the cauſe they eſpouſe. The truth is, no cauſe can be meritorious, whoſe principles militate with common ſenſe, or which has no principle at all for its ſupport. And they who act under this line may with propriety be called *meretricious* and *monſtrous*. Theſe ſentiments, Meſſrs. Printers, I hope are yours, as well as the majority of your readers, and (ſetting aſide the ironical part I have here acted on the political area) be aſſured they are moſt undoubtedly the Athenaſian tenet of

Your friend and ſervant,
BETSY THOUGHTLESS.

Tory-Hall, April 7, 1777.

In the Preſs, and will be publiſhed next Friday, by
STYNER AND CIST,
In Second-ſtreet, ſix Doors above Arch-ſtreet,
(Price *Nine-pence* ſingle, and *Six and Three-pence* per Dozen)
THE AMERICAN CRISIS, No. III.
Containing 32 full Pages. By the Author of Common Senſe.

WANTED,
To go into a Gentleman's Family,
A WET NURSE, with a good Breaſt of Milk.
Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county, April 21, 1777.

THE ſubſcriber, executor of the teſtament and laſt will of Margaret Watſon, who was widow and executrix of William Watſon, late of ſaid Hundred, farmer, deceaſed, requeſts all thoſe who have any juſt demands againſt the eſtates of the ſaid William Watſon, or the ſaid Margaret Watſon, to bring them in, that they may be ſettled and paid, before the laſt of September next; and alſo deſires that William Nealy, of Bucks county, and a certain Robert Anderſon, who married the ſaid William Nealy's ſiſter, appear and ſettle ſome matters relating to the ſaid eſtates, and have guardians appointed for the ſaid Robert Anderſon's children; their neglect will be a diſadvantage to the ſaid children, as the ſubſcriber intends to ſettle his adminiſtration account of the ſaid Margaret's eſtate, in the Orphan's Court, the third Tueſday in October next, hereof pleaſe to take notice.

JAMES STEWART, Executor.

Philadelphia, April 21, 1777.

WAS left in the Subſcriber's Stable, in the Northern Liberties, a dark BAY HORSE, about 7 Years old, 13¼ Hands high. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away, or elſe he will be ſold in 3 Weeks from this Date.

WILLIAM CRAWFORD.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Dr. PETER VAN HORN, late of Cumberland county, in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, deceaſed, are hereby deſired to pay their reſpective balances into the hands of Joſeph Newcomb, Eſq; of the ſaid county; the Doctor's accounts being left in his hands to receive the ſaid balances, which it is hoped all perſons concerned will comply with, without delay, to prevent further trouble: And all who have any juſt demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in to Captain David Page, of the ſaid county, properly atteſted, againſt the firſt day of June next, that they may be adjuſted by the Adminiſtrator.

PETER PETERSON VAN HORN.

TO BE RENTED,
Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of Thomas Ringgold, Eſquire, deceaſed,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 1800 acres, lying in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, within 12 miles of Cheſter-town, and commonly known by the name of The Beaver-dams. About 300 acres of the land cleared, 27 of it meadow, and at preſent lett in two tenements, one at 50l. per annum, and the leaſe expires January 1780; the other for 30l. per ann. and the leaſe expires the firſt of January next; there is between 2 and 300 acres of very excellent meadow ground, that may be cleared at a ſmall expence. This plantation is capable of great improvement, and will be rented for a term of years on an improving leaſe, in one or two tenements, as may be moſt convenient. Alſo to be rented, ſeveral ſmall Tracts of Land, lying in Kent county. Alſo the ſtore, compting-houſe, lumber-room, and the wharffs, with two large granaries thereon, in Cheſter-town, lately occupied by the deceaſed.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate, either by morteage, bond, or any other ſecurity, are earneſtly requeſted to pay up the back intereſt due thereon, to enable the executor to comply with the directions of the will; and thoſe that are indebted on open accounts are deſired to pay them, or give bond and ſecurity for the ſame; and any demands on the eſtate will be diſcharged by

JOHN GALLOWAY, Executor.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Houſe and Improvements in the town of Carliſle. The Lot extends 120 feet on the main ſtreet, and 240 on a croſs ſtreet. Beſides the principal houſe, there are a ſmall dwelling-houſe, coach-houſe, barn, ſtables, cow-houſe, ſmoke houſe and granary, moſt of them lately built, and all in good repair.

Alſo a Farm, on Canedoguinet Creek, two miles from Carliſle, containing near 500 acres; there are cleared about 40 acres of meadow, of excellent quality, and 200 acres of upland: More meadow may be made. The titles are indiſputable. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

THIRTY-TWO DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN *out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Darby townſhip, Cheſter county, in the night of the* 18*th of this inſt. April, Two* HORSES, *one an iron grey,* 15 *hands high, ſhod all round with ſteel-toed ſhoes,* 5 *years old this ſpring, canters, trots, and canters well, large head and ears, well limbed and a large clear eye, a remarkable ſpot on the near buttock, ſmething darker than the other part. The other a dark brown, of a ſmaller ſize, thought to have a ſmall ſtar, but not certain, is well made, trots hard and natural, has lately had the diſtemper, and when ſtole was not quite well under the jaw,* 4 *years old this ſpring, is a good thiller, and marked with the gears in different places when ſtole. Whoever ſticks up and ſecures the ſaid horſes and thief or thieves, ſo as the owner may get them again, and the thief or thieves be brought to conviction, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, for the horſes only* TEN DOLLARS *each, and reaſonable charges, paid by*

JAMES PYOTT.

RUN away the 12th of Third-Month 1777, from the ſubſcriber, living in Maiden-creek townſhip, Berks county, a ſervant lad, named Thomas Mitchel, aged about 20 years, and about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, dark complexion, down look, and black hair; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, brown coat, leather breeches, and new ſhoes. Whoever takes and brings home ſaid ſervant, ſhall have One Shilling reward, and Four-pence charges, paid by

JOHN PARVIN.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED from my company, in the 11th Pennſylvania regiment, commanded by Colonel Richard Hampton, a certain DENNIS CLANCEY, about 45 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey hair, ſpeaks much on the Iriſh dialect, and when in liquor (of which he is fond) performs various feats of activity; had on, and carried with him, a new ſuit of regimentals, conſiſting of a light-infantry cap, blue coat, with a ſcarlet cape and cuffs, white woollen waiſtcoat, and new buckſkin breeches. As he very lately joined the regiment, it is probable he may put on his old clothes. Whoever ſecures him in any goal, or delivers him to the regiment, ſhall have the above reward.

JOHN COATS, Captain.

N. B. He ſerved his time in Maryland, where he has a wife.

Philadelphia, April 14, 1777.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED, this morning, the three following ſoldiers, belonging to Captain Bartholomew's company, of the 5th Pennſylvania regiment, commanded by Col. Francis Johnſton.

William Murphey, or ſometimes calls himſelf *M'Murtry*, an Iriſhman, about 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, ſandy or rather red ſhort buſhy hair, much given to ſtrong liquor and very quarrelſome when in liquor; was inliſted at Mr. Joſeph Reed's ferry, 25 years of age, and has a wife living near ſaid ferry, in York county; had on, when he deſerted, his regimental clothes, viz. a blue coat with white cape and cuffs, white woollen waiſtcoat, drilling breeches, and faſhionable wool hat; but perhaps may ſell or hide them, as he has got an old whitiſh jacket and trowſers with him.

John M'Curdy, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, black hair, clubbed, a great chewer of tobacco, much given to ſtrong liquor; formerly lived in Martick townſhip, Lancaſter county; has a little ſtoppage in his ſpeech, when in liquor; had on the above uniforms, but commonly wears a brown hunting ſhirt.

William Langen, born in England, about 6 feet high, 20 years of age, fair complexion, ſhort fair hair, liſps a little, and ſhews his fore teeth much, when he talks or laughs; a little knock kneed, and apt to get in liquor.

Any perſon who does apprehend and ſecure the above three deſerters, ſo that they may be got again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Ten Dollars for each, and all reaſonable charges, if brought to Cheſter, per me GEORGE NORTH,

April 17, 1777. Lieut. 5th P. R.

*** The above deſerters were on their march to Trenton, and it appears that nothing but cowardice induced them to deſert.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable, on the 26th of March, at night, from Abraham Tyſon, living in Abington, on the old York road, Philadelphia county, a black Gelding, ſcarce 14 hands high, a chunky handſome made Horſe, paces trots and canters, has neither brand nor ear-mark, ſhod before with old ſteel ſhoes, his mane hangs on both ſides, no white about him that is known, ſix years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may have him again and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

ABRAHAM TYSON.

IN CONGRESS, *April* 14, 1777.

WHEREAS the State of Pennsylvania is threatened with an immediate invasion; and, from the adjournment of the Legislative and Executive authorities of the Commonwealth, it is impracticable to carry into immediate execution many measures of the utmost importance, not only to the safety of this Commonwealth, but likewise to the general welfare of the United States.

Resolved, That it is the indispensible duty of Congress to watch over all matters (the neglect of which may, in its consequences, deeply affect the welfare of the United States) till such time as the Legislative and Executive authorities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can resume the regular exercise of their different functions.

Resolved, That his Excellency the President of the Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested forthwith to convene the Legislative and Executive authorities of this State, in order that proper measures may be pursued for the defence of the same.

Resolved, That a Committee of three be appointed to confer with the President of the Supreme Executive Council, with such other Members of the said Council as can be convened, with the Board of War for the State of Pennsylvania, and with the Delegates of the said State in Congress, concerning the mode of authority which they shall conceive most eligible to be exercised during the recess of the House of Assembly, and the Council, in order that if the same be approved by Congress, may be immediately adopted.

The Members chosen, Mr. S. Adams, Mr. Duer, and Mr. R. H. Lee.

April 15.

The Committee appointed by Congress on the 14th day of April, to confer with the President and Members of the Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Board of War of said State, and the Delegates representing the same in Congress, concerning the authority which should be deemed eligible to be exercised during the recess of the Council and Assembly, report,

That a conference, agreeable to the order of Congress, has been held, when the following gentlemen were present:

His Excellency Thomas Wharton, jun. Esquire, President of the Supreme Executive Council.

Board of War. Owen Biddle, Esq; Chairman, Joseph Dean, Richard Bache, John Shee.

Delegates for the State of Pennsylvania in Congress. Robert Morris, James Wilson, Daniel Roberdeau, George Clymer, Esquires.

Committee of Congress. Mr. Samuel Adams, Mr. Richard H. Lee, Mr. Duer.

That it appears clearly to the Members in Conference, that the Executive authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is incapable of any exertion, adequate to the present crisis, and that it is of the greatest importance, that every power should be called forth into action, which may conduce to the safety of this State, with which the liberties and prosperity of the whole are so intimately connected. From this consideration, and at the particular instance and request of the President of the Supreme Executive Council and Board of War of the State of Pennsylvania, they beg leave to recommend the following resolutions to be adopted by Congress.

Resolved, That the President of the Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with as many Members of said Council as can be convened, the Board of War, and (in such cases as relate to the marine) the Navy Board of said State, should, in the present critical exigency of affairs, exercise every authority to promote the safety of the State, till such time as the Legislative and Executive authorities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can be convened.

Resolved, That it be, and it is hereby earnestly recommended by Congress to the good people of Pennsylvania, chearfully to submit to the exertion of an authority which is indispensibly essential to the preservation of the lives, liberties and property of themselves, their families, and posterity.

Resolved, That the Commanding Officer of the Continental forces in this city afford every possible assistance in carrying into execution all such measures as may be recommended to him by the authority above mentioned.

Resolved, That Congress will chearfully co-operate with the authority abovementioned, in facilitating every measure which may be deemed conducive to the safety of the State.

Congress taking into consideration the foregoing report,

Resolved, That the same be concurred in, and that the resolutions proposed be agreed to.

Extract from the Minutes,

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

Arrangement and rank of the Field Officers of the Four New-Jersey Regiments in Continental Service.

First regiment—Colonel Matthias Ogden; Lieut. Col. William De Hart; Major, Joseph Morris.

Second regiment—Col. Israel Shrieve; Lieut. Colonel David Ray; Major, Richard Howell.

Third regiment—Col. Elias Dayton; Lieut. Col. Francis Barber; Major, Joseph Bloomfield.

Fourth regiment—Col. Ephraim Martin; Lieut. Col. David Brealey; Major, Thomas Morrell.

RANK.

COLONELS—1 Elias Dayton. 2 Israel Shrieve. 3 Ephraim Martin. 4 Matthias Ogden.

LIEUT. COLONELS.—1 David Brealey. 2 David Ray. 3 Francis Barber. 4 William De Hart.

MAJORS—1 Richard Howell. 2 Joseph Bloomfield. 3 Joseph Morris. 4 Thomas Morrell.

ALL Recruits belonging to the third New-Jersey Regiment, whose Furloughs are out, are required to join their Regiment, at Head-Quarters in Morris-Town, on or before the 25th of this month. Those who neglect this Notice will be deemed Deserters, and treated accordingly. JOSEPH BLOOMFIELD, Major 3d Jersey Regiment. ‖ *April* 7, 1777.

THE Annual Election of Directors and a Treasurer for the Library Company of Philadelphia, for the ensuing Year, will be held at the Library Room, on Monday, the 5th Day of May next; at which Time and Place the Treasurer will attend, to receive the yearly payment.

April 9, 1777. ‖ ANDREW ROBESON, Secretary.

WAS left at Asaph Wilson's, on the 26th of December last, by a person unknown, and now at the subscriber's, in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, a black HORSE, Bridle and Saddle, about 13½ hands high, about 9 years old, a blaze in his forehead, his hind feet white, was shod all round. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away; otherwise they will be sold for the same, in seven weeks from the date hereof.

March 12, 1777. ‖ THOMAS BRISTOL.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the First Day of May next, by the Subscribers,

A CERTAIN Tract of Land, situated in Limerick township, Philadelphia county, 31 miles from Philadelphia, containing 220 acres of good land, whereon is a good stone dwelling-house, two stories high, four rooms on a floor, a good frame barn, and stables, a never-failing spring, 20 acres of good watered meadow, a good bearing orchard of 400 apple-trees; all in good repair. As also to be sold, on the same day, horses, cows, swine, sheep, a waggon, ploughs, harrows, gears, beds and bedding, an eight-day clock, and sundry houshold furniture, too tedious to be mentioned here; late the estate of George Regner, deceased. Where due attendance and reasonable credit will be given by JOHN REGNER, and JEREMIAH WISER, Executors.

N. B. The sale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and to be continued from day to day till all are sold. ‖

COLOURED THREAD,
SEWING and DARNING NEEDLES,
TO BE SOLD BY
ROBERT M'KNIGHT,
At the Store of Messieurs MEASE AND CALDWELL.

AT the Annual Meeting of the United Company of Philadelphia, for promoting American Manufactures, it was determined to make a Dividend of the Profits; and the Managers now inform the Proprietors, that the Money is ready for them, at the Factory Store, in Market-street, which they are requested to call for. *Tbctf.*

To be SOLD by way of public VENDUE, on the 24th of this instant April, at the late dwelling-house of SAMUEL OLIVER, deceased,

THAT noted Tavern, known by the Sign of the Boot, in Goshen township, Chester county, with the plantation thereunto belonging, containing 207 acres, with the usual allowance for roads, be the same more or less; thereon is a good stone dwelling-house, 4 rooms on a floor, and a cellar under the whole, a good log kitchen, with a good room and garret in it, a good well and pump at the door, with barns, stables, sheds, &c. fit for public business. Several roads meet near said house, and it lies on the great road leading from Lancaster to Chester, Philadelphia, and to the Iron-works. There are about 16 acres of meadow made, and part of it watered, and a young bearing orchard; about two thirds of the land is cleared, and the woodland well timbered. The title is indisputable, and the terms will be made known on the day of sale. If it is not sold at that time, it will be rented.

At the same time and place will be sold, horses and mares, cows, sheep and swine, a cart, ploughs, harrows and gears, feather beds and bedding, a case of drawers, desk, corner cupboard, tables, chairs, iron pots, wheat and rye in the ground, and sundry other goods and implements of husbandry, too tedious to mention. Attendance and reasonable credit will be given, by JAMES HEMPHIL, and ELIZABETH OLLIVER, Executors.

‖ 7*s* 6.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday, the first day of May next, on the premises,

A PLANTATION, or Tract of LAND, situate in Eastown township, Chester county, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on Lancaster road, containing 119 acres and allowance, of which about one half is cleared and good ploughable land (part whereof good meadow) the rest well timbered; there are on the premises a good log dwelling-house and barn, a young bearing orchard, another newly planted, and a well of water near the door. In the neighbourhood are several limekilns, where lime for manure may be got at an easy rate. At the same time and place will be sold, wheat and rye in the ground, and sundry kinds of grain by the bushel: Also horses, cows, sheep, and swine; with a variety of houshold goods and furniture, implements of husbandry, &c. JOSEPH GILBERT.

*** If the place does not sell it will be rented ¶

To be SOLD, in pursuance of the last Will and Testament of the late Samuel Robinson, deceased, at the town of Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, at public sale, on Wednesday, the 14th day of May next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or Tract of Land, situate in Murderkill Hundred, Kent county, and whereon Rodger Barratt now dwells, containing 314¾ acres, about 170 acres of which is cleared, the soil is good and supported by an excellent clay bottom, produces plentiful crops, particularly wheat. There is on said place a tolerable good dwelling house, with sundry out-houses, and other conveniencies, particularly a large orchard of excellent fruit-trees; and is within six miles of Dover, four and an half of sundry grist mills, and six of a landing, where produce is shipped for the Philadelphia market. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, and attendance given by

‖ 12*s* 6. DANIEL ROBINSON, Executor.

ON the 8th of this instant April, at night, the spring-house of the subscriber, living in Kingsess, was broke open, from whence was stolen one old brass kettle, which will hold about 15 gallons, with a large heavy bail, and two patches on it. Whoever will give information of the kettle and the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, or Ten Shillings for the kettle only, paid by

DAVID GIBSON.

N. B. If offered for sale, it is desired it may be stopt with the party. ¶

Philadelphia Barracks, April 6, 1777.

FOUND on Lancaster Road, between the Sign of the Buck and the Middle Ferry, on Schuylkill, a Leather Pocket-Book, containing one Half Johannes, some Continental Money, a Second-Lieutenant's Commission, some other Papers and Letters. The Owner may have it again, proving his Property and paying Charges, on Application to Captain DAVIS, Ninth Pennsylvania Regiment. ¶

Philadelphia, April 7, 1777.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT SMITH, Carpenter, late of the District of Southwark, deceased, either by bond, note, or book-debt, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers, Administrators; and those who have any demands against said estate, to bring in their accounts, properly attested, to JOHN SMITH, Administrator, and HESTER SMITH, Administratrix.

TO BE LETT, and entered on immediately, that large commodious and well-accustomed TAVERN, known by the Sign of the Buck, in Moyamensing township, lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Mushett. For terms, apply as above. ¶

Burlington Boarding-School, March 25, 1777.

IT is with much concern that the subscriber finds himself under a necessity to inform his friends and the public, that the very high price of provisions, and all other articles necessarily consumed in a family, renders the sum he has taken boarders at hitherto very inadequate to the expence; and not only hopes that the above reason will be admitted as an apology for his charging Ten Pounds per quarter, but that his employers will generously contribute towards the exorbitant expence of the last three months. The continuance of their favours, the return of such whose removal have been caused by the present unhappy disturbances, and the future countenance of the public, will be gratefully acknowledged by, their obliged friend,

THOMAS POWELL.

Assiduous attention will be given to the morals and education of the youth, and the utmost housewifry exerted to make their cloathing last as long as possible. ¶

To be RENTED for a Term of Years, not exceeding Three, in the Borough of Lancaster,

THE HOUSE and STORE, formerly occupied by Josiah and Robert Lockhart, a South front, near the Court-House. For Terms, apply to Mr. George Sanderson, or JOSIAH LOCKHART. ¶

ALL persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE KEYS, deceased, are requested to pay their respective accounts immediately; and all those who have any demands against the said deceased, are desired to bring in their accounts, and have them adjusted, by the last of April. ANN KEYS, Executrix, GEORGE WAY, and ISAAC FORSYTH, Executors. ¶

PETER WILTBERGER

BEGS Leave to inform the Public and his Friends in general, That he is removed from his old Habitation, the Corner House of Strawberry-Alley, to that old and well-accustomed Tavern, the Sign of the Horse and Groom, in Strawberry-Alley, lately occupied by John Lukens, deceased, and hopes for the Continuance of all those Customers who used to frequent the said House; where they, as well as Gentlemen Travellers, may expect to be well entertained. *April* 8, 1777. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 600 acres, situate in West-Nantmill, Chester county, and State of Pennsylvania, distant from Philadelphia 44 miles; the road from thence to Harris's Ferry runs through the said plantation, many people, and waggons from Lancaster and that neighbourhood, pass this way for Philadelphia, counting it as near, and much the best road to Downing's-town, where it communicates with the other road; the situation and conveniencies renders it as public and well-accustomed a tavern as most; the house is large, cellared all under, and divided into 4 apartments, 4 large and convenient rooms on the first floor, 5 above, all private except one, a stone shed (part of which is converted into stabling) 147 feet long, divided, and contains 12 teams, a barn and other stabling, but pretty much decayed. A tenement, with a log house and barn, on the other end of the said tract, a meadow, and plenty of orchards to each messuage, there being 5 orchards on the premises, many excellent places for meadow, on springs and small streams of water, some already cleared, besides a large meadow, mostly timothy, on a branch of Brandywine, which runs above a mile through the premises, and affords a great body of meadow on either side; 35 acres of meadow might be made in one body of low, fat bottom, that would need no manure, a large quantity of meadow might be watered by said stream, which is sufficient for a mill, and has plenty of fall; many acres of the upland already cleared might be watered from the head race; the upland is good, produces good grain, and excellent for pasture, might be tilled the most of it, this and the next season, as I have held the whole of it 5 years, ploughed but little, and was careful not to graze it close, the good effect of which is plainly discovered. A spring crop will be put in, and the premises held in good order, until sold, at which time the purchaser may have entrance, and may have the stock on the premises, implements of husbandry and some houshold furniture, as beds, &c. for a tavern. For price and time of payment, apply to the subscriber on the premises, who can give an indisputable title.

April 4, 1777. ‖ 10*s*. WILLIAM GIBBONS.

Princeton, April 3, 1777.

DESERTED *from the second Regiment of the State of New-Jersey, commanded by Colonel Israel Shrewe, Esq; and of Captain John Noble Cumming's Company, now quartered at Princeton, the following persons, viz.*

Valentine Rochester, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, dark complexion, brown hair and grey eyes; inlisted at Ticonderoga.

William Wood, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, fair complexion, black hair and blue eyes, remarkably squint eyed; inlisted at Albany.

Consider Aditon, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, red hair and beard, and grey eyes; inlisted at Albany.

Charles Salter; inlisted at Ticonderoga. Patrick M'Mullin; inlisted in Wood's-town, Salem county. George Powers, about 5 feet 5 inches high, 35 years of age, swarthy complexion, light brown hair, grey eyes; inlisted at Glocester. Edward Parker, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high, dark complexion hair and eyes; inlisted at Glocester. Thomas Burns; inlisted at the Cross Roads of Cumberland. Owen Ward, a native Irishman, about 29 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, his fore teeth gone, knock kneed, has the letters O. W. pricked out with gunpowder on his arm; had on, when deserted, an old brown coat, striped lincy trowsers, and old shoes; supposed to have gone through Mount-Holly. John Stephenson, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, well made, an Irishman, brown complexion, dark brown hair, which curls naturally in his neck, wore a brown cloth coat and vest, buckskin breeches; inlisted in Glocester county, where he has lived some time and is well acquainted; the last intelligence of him, he was over Delaware river. Henry Bishop, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high, fair complexion, brown hair, grey eyes; had on, when deserted, a long-skirted brown coat and vest, buckskin breeches; born in Burlington county, and inlisted in Wood's-town, Salem county. Gideon Steel, Hector M'Neil, and Thomas Day, all of the above county.

Whoever takes up the said Deserters, and secures them, so that they may be brought to justice for having been guilty of perjury, shall receive the sum of TWELVE DOLLARS *reward for each, that an account thereof may be transmitted to the Commanding Officer of said Regiment.*

‖ 10*s*. JOHN NOBLE CUMMING, *Capt. 2d J. R.*

Philadelphia, April 7, 1777.

To be LETT, *and entered on immediately,*

A PLANTATION in Richmond Precinct (commonly called Point-No-Point) about 5 miles from this city, containing 114 acres, near one half of which is embanked meadow, and the remainder arable ground; the whole in good order. Enquire of GEORGE ROBERTS. ¶

To be LETT *for a Term of Years,*

A PLANTATION, situate in Cumru township, Berks county, containing 150 acres of good limestone land, the qualities thereof may be known by viewing the premises; its distance from Schuylkill is one mile, from Reading one mile and an half. For further particulars, apply to HAZAEL THOMAS, of Vincent township, in the county of Chester. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Plantation, situate in Providence township, Philadelphia county, adjoining the Quakers Meeting-house, containing upwards of 200 acres, with a good stone house and spring house, a log barn, and other convenient out-houses, with a never-failing orchard of the most sorts of fruit, with 12 acres of meadow and more may be made, the corn-land remarkably good, the situation healthy, and as good a prospect as any in the county, with a sufficient quantity of well timbered land, and a number of good springs. Any person inclining to view the premises, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises. JAMES PARKER. ¶

WILL cover for Three Dollars the Season, an excellent black HORSE, full 15 hands and 3 inches high, paces, trots, and gallops well, and is allowed by good judges to be as good a hackney as any on the continent; he is well made for strength, lofty carriage, and good courage; he was got by that excellent horse imported from England by Colonel Francis; he is rising four years old, and is kept by Abel Hodgson, living the upper end of North Millford Hundred, Cæcil county, Maryland. Proper care will be taken of those mares that come from a distance. *April* 4, 1777.

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